

Product datasheet for RC211835L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

HERPUD1 (NM 014685) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: HERPUD1 (NM_014685) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

HERP; Mif1; SUP Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell

Puromycin

Selection: Vector:

pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

mGFP Tag:

NM 014685 ACCN: **ORF Size:** 1173 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC211835).

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of OTI Disclaimer: reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 014685.2

RefSeq Size: 2198 bp RefSeq ORF: 1176 bp Locus ID: 9709 **UniProt ID:** Q15011

Cytogenetics: 16q13 **Domains: UBQ**

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





ORIGENE

MW: 43.5 kDa

Gene Summary:

The accumulation of unfolded proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) triggers the ER stress response. This response includes the inhibition of translation to prevent further accumulation of unfolded proteins, the increased expression of proteins involved in polypeptide folding, known as the unfolded protein response (UPR), and the destruction of misfolded proteins by the ER-associated protein degradation (ERAD) system. This gene may play a role in both UPR and ERAD. Its expression is induced by UPR and it has an ER stress response element in its promoter region while the encoded protein has an N-terminal ubiquitin-like domain which may interact with the ERAD system. This protein has been shown to interact with presenilin proteins and to increase the level of amyloid-beta protein following its overexpression. Alternative splicing of this gene produces multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. The full-length nature of all transcript variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2013]