

Product datasheet for **RC211795L4V**

TAK1 (MAP3K7) (NM_145331) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	TAK1 (MAP3K7) (NM_145331) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	TAK1
Synonyms:	CSCF; FMD2; MEKK7; TAK1; TGF1a
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_145331
ORF Size:	1818 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC211795).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_145331.1
RefSeq Size:	2850 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1821 bp
Locus ID:	6885
UniProt ID:	O43318
Cytogenetics:	6q15
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase



[View online »](#)

Protein Pathways:	Adherens junction, MAPK signaling pathway, NOD-like receptor signaling pathway, RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway, Wnt signaling pathway
MW:	67 kDa
Gene Summary:	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the serine/threonine protein kinase family. This kinase mediates the signaling transduction induced by TGF beta and morphogenetic protein (BMP), and controls a variety of cell functions including transcription regulation and apoptosis. In response to IL-1, this protein forms a kinase complex including TRAF6, MAP3K7P1/TAB1 and MAP3K7P2/TAB2; this complex is required for the activation of nuclear factor kappa B. This kinase can also activate MAPK8/JNK, MAP2K4/MKK4, and thus plays a role in the cell response to environmental stresses. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]