

Product datasheet for RC211389L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

DDR2 (NM_006182) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: DDR2 (NM 006182) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: DDR2

Synonyms: MIG20a; NTRKR3; TKT; TYRO10; WRCN

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag:Myc-DDKACCN:NM_006182

ORF Size: 2565 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC211389).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 006182.2

 RefSeq Size:
 3172 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2568 bp

 Locus ID:
 4921

 UniProt ID:
 Q16832

 Cytogenetics:
 1q23.3

Domains: F5_F8_type_C, pkinase, TyrKc, S_TKc

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane





MW: 96.74 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the discoidin domain receptor subclass of the receptor tyrosine kinase (RTKs) protein family. RTKs play a key role in the communication of cells with their microenvironment. The encoded protein is a collagen-induced receptor that activates signal transduction pathways involved in cell adhesion, proliferation, and extracellular matrix remodeling. This protein is expressed in numerous cell types and may alos be involved in wound repair and regulate tumor growth and invasiveness. Mutations in this gene are the cause of short limb-hand type spondylometaepiphyseal dysplasia. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]