

Product datasheet for **RC211165L4V**

Protocadherin beta 3 (PCDHB3) (NM_018937) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Protocadherin beta 3 (PCDHB3) (NM_018937) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Protocadherin beta 3
Synonyms:	PCDH-BETA3
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_018937
ORF Size:	2388 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC211165).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_018937.2
RefSeq Size:	3577 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2391 bp
Locus ID:	56132
UniProt ID:	Q9Y5E6
Cytogenetics:	5q31.3
Domains:	CA
Protein Families:	Transmembrane


[View online »](#)

MW: 86.8 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the protocadherin beta gene cluster, one of three related gene clusters tandemly linked on chromosome five. The gene clusters demonstrate an unusual genomic organization similar to that of B-cell and T-cell receptor gene clusters. The beta cluster contains 16 genes and 3 pseudogenes, each encoding 6 extracellular cadherin domains and a cytoplasmic tail that deviates from others in the cadherin superfamily. The extracellular domains interact in a homophilic manner to specify differential cell-cell connections. Unlike the alpha and gamma clusters, the transcripts from these genes are made up of only one large exon, not sharing common 3' exons as expected. These neural cadherin-like cell adhesion proteins are integral plasma membrane proteins. Their specific functions are unknown but they most likely play a critical role in the establishment and function of specific cell-cell neural connections. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]