

Product datasheet for RC210902L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

IFNA13 (IFNA1) (NM_024013) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: IFNA13 (IFNA1) (NM_024013) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: IFNA13

Synonyms: IFL; IFN; IFN-ALPHA; IFN-alphaD; IFNA13; IFNA@; leIF D

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 024013

ORF Size: 567 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210902).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 024013.1

RefSeq Size: 863 bp
RefSeq ORF: 570 bp
Locus ID: 3439
UniProt ID: P01562
Cytogenetics: 9p21.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





IFNA13 (IFNA1) (NM_024013) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC210902L1V

Protein Pathways: Antigen processing and presentation, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cytokine-cytokine

receptor interaction, Cytosolic DNA-sensing pathway, Jak-STAT signaling pathway, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Regulation of autophagy, RIG-I-like receptor signaling

pathway, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway

MW: 21.7 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the alpha interferon gene cluster on chromosome 9. The encoded

cytokine is a member of the type I interferon family that is produced in response to viral infection as a key part of the innate immune response with potent antiviral, antiproliferative and immunomodulatory properties. This cytokine, like other type I interferons, binds a plasma membrane receptor made of IFNAR1 and IFNAR2 that is ubiquitously expressed, and thus is able to act on virtually all body cells. This cytokine is upregulated in preeclamptic placentas and is thought to be a mediator of preeclampsia. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2020]