

Product datasheet for RC210762L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Apolipoprotein A I (APOA1) (NM 000039) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Apolipoprotein A I (APOA1) (NM_000039) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Apolipoprotein A I

apo(a); HPALP2 Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

ACCN:

None

NM 000039

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Myc-DDK Tag:

ORF Size: 801 bp

ORF Nucleotide

OTI Disclaimer:

Cytogenetics:

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210762).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 000039.1

RefSeq Size: 897 bp RefSeq ORF: 804 bp Locus ID: 335 **UniProt ID:** P02647

Domains: Apolipoprotein

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

11q23.3





Apolipoprotein A I (APOA1) (NM_000039) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC210762L1V

Protein Pathways: PPAR signaling pathway

MW: 30.8 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes apolipoprotein A-I, which is the major protein component of high density

lipoprotein (HDL) in plasma. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate the mature protein, which promotes cholesterol efflux from tissues to the liver for excretion, and is a cofactor for lecithin cholesterolacyltransferase (LCAT), an enzyme responsible for the formation of most plasma cholesteryl esters. This gene is closely linked with two other apolipoprotein genes on chromosome 11. Defects in this gene are associated with HDL deficiencies, including Tangier disease, and with systemic non-neuropathic

amyloidosis. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which

encodes a preproprotein. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2015]