

Product datasheet for RC210547L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ATP1A4 (NM_001001734) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ATP1A4 (NM 001001734) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ATP1A4

Synonyms: ATP1A1; ATP1AL2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001001734

ORF Size: 495 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210547).

Sequence:

Cytogenetics:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001001734.1</u>, <u>NP 001001734.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 951 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 498 bp

 Locus ID:
 480

 UniProt ID:
 Q13733

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

1q23.2

Protein Pathways: Cardiac muscle contraction







MW: 20.1 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na+/K+ - ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 4 subunit. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]