

Product datasheet for RC210497L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

TLR3 (NM_003265) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TLR3 (NM_003265) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TLR3

Synonyms: CD283; IIAE2

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_003265 **ORF Size:** 2712 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210497).

•

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 003265.2

 RefSeq Size:
 3057 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2715 bp

 Locus ID:
 7098

 UniProt ID:
 015455

 Cytogenetics:
 4q35.1

Domains: TIR, LRRCT, LRR, LRR_TYP, LRR_PS

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane





TLR3 (NM_003265) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC210497L4V

Protein Pathways: Toll-like receptor signaling pathway

MW: 103.8 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which

plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. This receptor is most abundantly expressed in placenta and pancreas, and is restricted to the dendritic subpopulation of the leukocytes. It recognizes dsRNA associated with viral infection, and induces the activation of NF-kappaB and the production of type I interferons. It may thus play a role in host defense against viruses. Use of alternative polyadenylation sites to generate different length transcripts has been noted for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]