

## Product datasheet for **RC210414L3V**

### **RAB11 FIP2 (RAB11FIP2) (NM\_014904) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	RAB11 FIP2 (RAB11FIP2) (NM_014904) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	RAB11 FIP2
Synonyms:	nRip11; Rab11-FIP2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_014904
ORF Size:	1536 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210414).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_014904.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_055719.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	6077 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1539 bp
Locus ID:	22841
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q7L804</a>
Cytogenetics:	10q26.11
Domains:	C2
Protein Pathways:	Endocytosis



[View online »](#)

**MW:** 58.3 kDa

**Gene Summary:** A Rab11 effector binding preferentially phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PtdInsP3) and phosphatidic acid (PA) and acting in the regulation of the transport of vesicles from the endosomal recycling compartment (ERC) to the plasma membrane. Involved in insulin granule exocytosis. Also involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis and membrane trafficking of recycling endosomes, probably originating from clathrin-coated vesicles. Required in a complex with MYO5B and RAB11 for the transport of NPC1L1 to the plasma membrane. Also acts as a regulator of cell polarity. Plays an essential role in phagocytosis through a mechanism involving TICAM2, RAC1 and CDC42 Rho GTPases for controlling actin-dynamics.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]