

## Product datasheet for **RC210379L3V**

### Protein Z (PROZ) (NM\_003891) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Protein Z (PROZ) (NM_003891) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Protein Z
Synonyms:	PZ
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_003891
ORF Size:	1200 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210379).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_003891.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	1489 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1203 bp
Locus ID:	8858
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P22891</a>
Cytogenetics:	13q34
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protease, Secreted Protein
MW:	44.7 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a liver vitamin K-dependent glycoprotein that is synthesized in the liver and secreted into the plasma. The encoded protein plays a role in regulating blood coagulation by complexing with protein Z-dependent protease inhibitor to directly inhibit activated factor X at the phospholipid surface. Deficiencies in this protein are associated with an increased risk of ischemic arterial diseases and fetal loss. Mutations in this gene are the cause of protein Z deficiency. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012]