

Product datasheet for **RC210371L1V**

MS4A2 (NM_000139) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	MS4A2 (NM_000139) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	MS4A2
Synonyms:	APY; ATOPY; FCER1B; FCERI; IGEL; IGER; IGHF; MS4A1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_000139
ORF Size:	732 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210371).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_000139.2
RefSeq Size:	3658 bp
RefSeq ORF:	735 bp
Locus ID:	2206
UniProt ID:	Q01362
Cytogenetics:	11q12.1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Asthma, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway



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MW: 26.5 kDa

Gene Summary: The allergic response involves the binding of allergen to receptor-bound IgE followed by cell activation and the release of mediators responsible for the manifestations of allergy. The IgE-receptor, a tetramer composed of an alpha, beta, and 2 disulfide-linked gamma chains, is found on the surface of mast cells and basophils. This gene encodes the beta subunit of the high affinity IgE receptor which is a member of the membrane-spanning 4A gene family. Members of this nascent protein family are characterized by common structural features and similar intron/exon splice boundaries and display unique expression patterns among hematopoietic cells and nonlymphoid tissues. This family member is localized to 11q12, among a cluster of membrane-spanning 4A gene family members. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct proteins. Additional transcript variants have been described but require experimental validation. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2012]