

Product datasheet for RC210336L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CTGF (CCN2) (NM_001901) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CTGF (CCN2) (NM_001901) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CCN2

Synonyms: CTGF; HCS24; IGFBP8; NOV2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_001901

 ORF Size:
 1047 bp

ORF Nucleotide

OTI Disclaimer:

- -

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210336).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 001901.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2358 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1050 bp

 Locus ID:
 1490

 UniProt ID:
 P29279

 Cytogenetics:
 6q23.2

Domains: IB, tsp_1, VWC, CT, Cys_knot

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein





CTGF (CCN2) (NM_001901) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC210336L3V

MW: 38.1 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a mitogen that is secreted by vascular endothelial cells.

The encoded protein plays a role in chondrocyte proliferation and differentiation, cell adhesion in many cell types, and is related to platelet-derived growth factor. Certain polymorphisms in this gene have been linked with a higher incidence of systemic sclerosis.

[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2009]