

Product datasheet for **RC210311L3V**

Retinoid X Receptor alpha (RXRA) (NM_002957) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Retinoid X Receptor alpha (RXRA) (NM_002957) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Retinoid X Receptor alpha
Synonyms:	NR2B1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_002957
ORF Size:	1386 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210311).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_002957.3
RefSeq Size:	5449 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1389 bp
Locus ID:	6256
UniProt ID:	P19793
Cytogenetics:	9q34.2
Domains:	HOLI, zf-C4
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors



[View online »](#)

Protein Pathways: Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Non-small cell lung cancer, Pathways in cancer, PPAR signaling pathway, Small cell lung cancer, Thyroid cancer

MW: 50.6 kDa

Gene Summary: Retinoid X receptors (RXRs) and retinoic acid receptors (RARs) are nuclear receptors that mediate the biological effects of retinoids by their involvement in retinoic acid-mediated gene activation. These receptors function as transcription factors by binding as homodimers or heterodimers to specific sequences in the promoters of target genes. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the steroid and thyroid hormone receptor superfamily of transcriptional regulators. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]