

Product datasheet for RC210213L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Beta 1,4 galactosyltransferase 6 (B4GALT6) (NM_004775) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Beta 1,4 galactosyltransferase 6 (B4GALT6) (NM_004775) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral

Particle

Symbol: B4GALT6

Synonyms: B4Gal-T6; beta4Gal-T6

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_004775 **ORF Size:** 1146 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210213).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 004775.3</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 4814 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1149 bp

 Locus ID:
 9331

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UBX8

Cytogenetics: 18q12.1

Domains: Galactosyl_T_2







Protein Families: Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, Sphingolipid metabolism

MW: 44.9 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is one of seven beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GalT) genes in human. They

encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate UDP-galactose; all transfer galactose in a beta1,4 linkage to similar acceptor sugars: GlcNAc, Glc, and Xyl. Each beta4GalT has a distinct function in the

biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates and saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signal sequence that directs the protein to the Golgi apparatus and which then remains uncleaved to function as a transmembrane anchor. This gene produces multiple protein isoforms - some of which are predicted to lack the N-terminal hydrophobic signal sequence and transmembrane domain. By sequence similarity, the beta4GalTs form four groups: beta4GalT1 and beta4GalT2, beta4GalT3 and beta4GalT4, beta4GalT5 and beta4GalT6, and beta4GalT7. The canonical enzyme encoded by this gene is a lactosylceramide synthase important for glycolipid biosynthesis. [provided by RefSeq, Jan

2020]