

Product datasheet for **RC210205L2V**

Carboxylesterase 7 (CES5A) (NM_145024) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Carboxylesterase 7 (CES5A) (NM_145024) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Carboxylesterase 7
Synonyms:	CAUXIN; CES4C1; CES5; CES7; HEL126
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_145024
ORF Size:	1575 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210205).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_145024.1
RefSeq Size:	1962 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1578 bp
Locus ID:	221223
UniProt ID:	Q6NT32
Cytogenetics:	16q12.2
Domains:	COesterase
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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Protein Pathways: Drug metabolism - other enzymes

MW: 58 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the carboxylesterase large family. The family members are responsible for the hydrolysis or transesterification of various xenobiotics, such as cocaine and heroin, and endogenous substrates with ester, thioester, or amide bonds. They also participate in fatty acyl and cholesterol ester metabolism, and may play a role in the blood-brain barrier system. This gene, also called CES5, is predominantly expressed in peripheral tissues, including brain, kidney, lung and testis. It encodes a secreted enzyme. Because of high levels in the urine of male domestic cats, this enzyme is also called cauxin (carboxylesterase-like urinary excreted protein). The enzyme functions in regulating the production of a pheromone precursor and may contribute to lipid and cholesterol transfer processes within male reproductive fluids. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010]