

Product datasheet for RC210120L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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FGF10 (NM_004465) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: FGF10 (NM 004465) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: FGF10

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_004465

ORF Size: 624 bp

ORF Nucleotide

otide The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210120).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 004465.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 627 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 627 bp

 Locus ID:
 2255

 UniProt ID:
 015520

Cytogenetics: 5p12

Domains: FGF

Protein Families: Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS,

Secreted Protein, Transcription Factors, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

MW: 23.44 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family.

FGF family members possess broad mitogenic and cell survival activities, and are involved in

a variety of biological processes, including embryonic development, cell growth,

morphogenesis, tissue repair, tumor growth and invasion. This protein exhibits mitogenic activity for keratinizing epidermal cells, but essentially no activity for fibroblasts, which is similar to the biological activity of FGF7. Studies of the mouse homolog of suggested that this gene is required for embryonic epidermal morphogenesis including brain development, lung

morphogenesis, and initiation of lim bud formation. This gene is also implicated to be a

primary factor in the process of wound healing. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]