

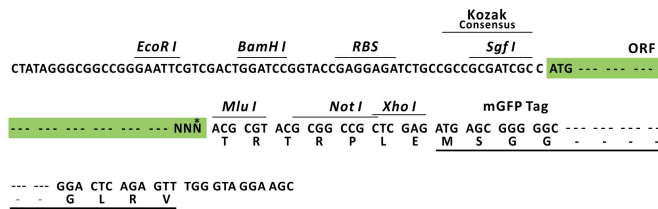
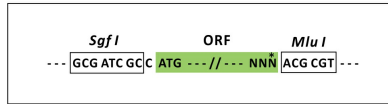
## Product datasheet for RC210013L4

### IL2 (NM\_000586) Human Tagged ORF Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	IL2 (NM_000586) Human Tagged ORF Clone
Tag:	mGFP
Symbol:	IL2
Synonyms:	IL-2; lymphokine; TCGF
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
E. coli Selection:	Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)
Cell Selection:	Puromycin
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC210013).
Restriction Sites:	SgfI-MluI
Cloning Scheme:	

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



\* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.

ACCN:	NM_000586
ORF Size:	459 bp



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<b>OTI Disclaimer:</b>	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
<b>OTI Annotation:</b>	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<a href="#">NM_000586.2</a> , <a href="#">NP_000577.2</a>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	822 bp
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	462 bp
<b>Locus ID:</b>	3558
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	4q27
<b>Protein Families:</b>	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein
<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Allograft rejection, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Graft-versus-host disease, Jak-STAT signaling pathway, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Type I diabetes mellitus
<b>MW:</b>	17.6 kDa
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	The protein encoded by this gene is a secreted cytokine that is important for the proliferation of T and B lymphocytes. The receptor of this cytokine is a heterotrimeric protein complex whose gamma chain is also shared by interleukin 4 (IL4) and interleukin 7 (IL7). The expression of this gene in mature thymocytes is monoallelic, which represents an unusual regulatory mode for controlling the precise expression of a single gene. The targeted disruption of a similar gene in mice leads to ulcerative colitis-like disease, which suggests an essential role of this gene in the immune response to antigenic stimuli. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]