

## Product datasheet for RC209819L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## ATP6V0A2 (NM\_012463) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ATP6V0A2 (NM 012463) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ATP6V0A2

Synonyms: A2; a2V; ARCL; ARCL2A; ATP6A2; ATP6N1D; J6B7; RTF; STV1; TJ6; TJ6M; TJ6S; VPH1; WSS

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 012463

ORF Size: 2568 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209819).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 012463.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4681 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2571 bp

 Locus ID:
 23545

 UniProt ID:
 Q9Y487

 Cytogenetics:
 12q24.31

**Domains:** V\_ATPase\_sub\_a **Protein Families:** Transmembrane





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**Protein Pathways:** Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Lysosome, Metabolic pathways,

Oxidative phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection

MW: 97.9 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a subunit of the vacuolar ATPase (v-ATPase), an

heteromultimeric enzyme that is present in intracellular vesicles and in the plasma

membrane of specialized cells, and which is essential for the acidification of diverse cellular components. V-ATPase is comprised of a membrane peripheral V(1) domain for ATP hydrolysis, and an integral membrane V(0) domain for proton translocation. The subunit

encoded by this gene is a component of the V(0) domain. Mutations in this gene are a cause

of both cutis laxa type II and wrinkly skin syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2009]