

Product datasheet for RC209806L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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CHCHD2 (NM_016139) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CHCHD2 (NM_016139) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CHCHD2

Synonyms: C7orf17; MIX17B; MNRR1; NS2TP; PARK22

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

15.6 kDa

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_016139

ORF Size: 453 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209806).

Sequence:

MW:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 016139.2

RefSeq Size: 831 bp
RefSeq ORF: 456 bp
Locus ID: 51142
UniProt ID: Q9Y6H1
Cytogenetics: 7p11.2
Domains: DUF657







Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to a class of eukaryotic CX(9)C proteins characterized by four cysteine residues spaced ten amino acids apart from one another. These residues form disulfide linkages that define a CHCH fold. In response to stress, the protein translocates from the mitochondrial intermembrane space to the nucleus where it binds to a highly conserved 13 nucleotide oxygen responsive element in the promoter of cytochrome oxidase 4I2, a subunit of the terminal enzyme of the electron transport chain. In concert with recombination signal sequence-binding protein J, binding of this protein activates the oxygen responsive element at four percent oxygen. In addition, it has been shown that this protein is a negative regulator of mitochondria-mediated apoptosis. In response to apoptotic stimuli, mitochondrial levels of this protein decrease, allowing BCL2-associated X protein to oligomerize and activate the caspase cascade. Pseudogenes of this gene are found on multiple chromosomes. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016]