

Product datasheet for RC209609L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Macrophage Scavenger Receptor I (MSR1) (NM_138715) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Macrophage Scavenger Receptor I (MSR1) (NM_138715) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral

Particle

Symbol: Macrophage Scavenger Receptor I

Synonyms: CD204; phSR1; phSR2; SCARA1; SR-A; SR-AI; SR-AII; SR-AIII; SRA

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_138715

ORF Size: 1353 bp

ORF Nucleotide Sequence:

UniProt ID:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209609).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 138715.2</u>

RefSeq Size:3761 bpRefSeq ORF:1356 bpLocus ID:4481

Cytogenetics: 8p22

Domains: SR, Macscav_rec, Collagen

P21757





Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

MW: 49.8 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes the class A macrophage scavenger receptors, which include three different

types (1, 2, 3) generated by alternative splicing of this gene. These receptors or isoforms are macrophage-specific trimeric integral membrane glycoproteins and have been implicated in

many macrophage-associated physiological and pathological processes including

atherosclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, and host defense. The isoforms type 1 and type 2 are functional receptors and are able to mediate the endocytosis of modified low density

lipoproteins (LDLs). The isoform type 3 does not internalize modified LDL (acetyl-LDL) despite having the domain shown to mediate this function in the types 1 and 2 isoforms. It has an altered intracellular processing and is trapped within the endoplasmic reticulum, making it unable to perform endocytosis. The isoform type 3 can inhibit the function of isoforms type 1

and type 2 when co-expressed, indicating a dominant negative effect and suggesting a mechanism for regulation of scavenger receptor activity in macrophages. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]