

## Product datasheet for **RC209527L3V**

### PRMT6 (NM\_018137) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PRMT6 (NM_018137) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	PRMT6
Synonyms:	HRMT1L6
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_018137
ORF Size:	948 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209527).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_018137.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_060607.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	2665 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1128 bp
Locus ID:	55170
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q96LA8</a>
Cytogenetics:	1p13.3
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
MW:	35.2 kDa


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**Gene Summary:**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the arginine N-methyltransferase family, which catalyze the sequential transfer of methyl group from S-adenosyl-L-methionine to the side chain nitrogens of arginine residues within proteins, to form methylated arginine derivatives and S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine. This protein can catalyze both, the formation of omega-N monomethylarginine and asymmetrical dimethylarginine, with a strong preference for the latter. It specifically mediates the asymmetric dimethylation of Arg2 of histone H3, and the methylated form represents a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression. This protein also forms a complex with, and methylates DNA polymerase beta, resulting in stimulation of polymerase activity by enhancing DNA binding and processivity. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011]