

## Product datasheet for RC209466L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## CD26 (DPP4) (NM\_001935) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CD26 (DPP4) (NM\_001935) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CD26

**Synonyms:** ADABP; ADCP2; CD26; DPPIV; TP103

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

ACCN:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

NM 001935

Tag: Myc-DDK

ORF Size: 2298 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209466).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 001935.3

 RefSeq Size:
 3913 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2301 bp

 Locus ID:
 1803

 UniProt ID:
 P27487

Cytogenetics: 2q24.2

**Domains:** Peptidase\_S9, DPPIV\_N\_term

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Protease, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane





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MW: 88.3 kDa

Gene Summary:

The DPP4 gene encodes dipeptidyl peptidase 4, which is identical to adenosine deaminase complexing protein-2, and to the T-cell activation antigen CD26. It is an intrinsic type II transmembrane glycoprotein and a serine exopeptidase that cleaves X-proline dipeptides from the N-terminus of polypeptides. Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 is highly involved in glucose and insulin metabolism, as well as in immune regulation. This protein was shown to be a functional receptor for Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus (MERS-CoV), and protein modeling suggests that it may play a similar role with SARS-CoV-2, the virus responsible for COVID-19. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2020]