

Product datasheet for RC209375L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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RPL36A (NM_021029) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: RPL36A (NM 021029) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: RPL36A

Synonyms: L36A; L44L; MIG6; RPL44

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_021029

ORF Size: 318 bp

ORF Nucleotide

TI ODE

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209375).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 021029.4

RefSeq Size: 881 bp
RefSeq ORF: 321 bp
Locus ID: 6173
UniProt ID: P83881
Cytogenetics: Xq22.1

Domains: Ribosomal_L44

Protein Pathways: Ribosome





ORIGENE

MW: 12.4 kDa

Gene Summary:

Cytoplasmic ribosomes, organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a large 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal protein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein, which shares sequence similarity with yeast ribosomal protein L44, belongs to the L44E (L36AE) family of ribosomal proteins. Although this gene has been referred to as ribosomal protein L44 (RPL44), its official name is ribosomal protein L36a (RPL36A). This gene and the human gene officially named ribosomal protein L36a-like (RPL36AL) encode nearly identical proteins; however, they are distinct genes. As is typical for genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dispersed through the genome. Naturally occurring read-through transcription occurs between this locus and the heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein H2 (H') gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2011]