

Product datasheet for **RC209271L4V**

DUSP9 (NM_001395) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	DUSP9 (NM_001395) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	DUSP9
Synonyms:	MKP-4; MKP4
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001395
ORF Size:	1152 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209271).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001395.1
RefSeq Size:	2394 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1155 bp
Locus ID:	1852
UniProt ID:	Q99956
Cytogenetics:	Xq28
Domains:	DSPc, RHOD
Protein Families:	Phosphatase



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Protein Pathways: MAPK signaling pathway

MW: 41.9 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the dual specificity protein phosphatase subfamily. These phosphatases inactivate their target kinases by dephosphorylating both the phosphoserine/threonine and phosphotyrosine residues. They negatively regulate members of the mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase superfamily (MAPK/ERK, SAPK/JNK, p38), which is associated with cellular proliferation and differentiation. Different members of the family of dual specificity phosphatases show distinct substrate specificities for various MAP kinases, different tissue distribution and subcellular localization, and different modes of inducibility of their expression by extracellular stimuli. This gene product shows selectivity for members of the ERK family of MAP kinases and is localized to the cytoplasm and nucleus. Aberrant expression of this gene is associated with type 2 diabetes and cancer progression in several cell types. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016]