

Product datasheet for RC209183L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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SREBP1 (SREBF1) (NM_001005291) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: SREBP1 (SREBF1) (NM_001005291) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: SREBP1

Synonyms: bHLHd1; HMD; IFAP2; SREBP1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001005291

ORF Size: 3531 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209183).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 001005291.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4284 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 3534 bp

 Locus ID:
 6720

 UniProt ID:
 P36956

 Cytogenetics:
 17p11.2

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

Protein Pathways: Insulin signaling pathway





MW: 124.5 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a basic helix-loop-helix-leucine zipper (bHLH-Zip) transcription factor that binds to the sterol regulatory element-1 (SRE1), which is a motif that is found in the promoter of the low density lipoprotein receptor gene and other genes involved in sterol biosynthesis. The encoded protein is synthesized as a precursor that is initially attached to the nuclear membrane and endoplasmic reticulum. Following cleavage, the mature protein translocates to the nucleus and activates transcription. This cleaveage is inhibited by sterols. This gene is located within the Smith-Magenis syndrome region on chromosome 17. Alternative promoter usage and splicing result in multiple transcript variants, including SREBP-1a and SREBP-1c, which correspond to RefSeq transcript variants 2 and 3, respectively. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2017]