

## Product datasheet for RC209066L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## SUOX (NM\_000456) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: SUOX (NM 000456) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: SUOX

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK

**ACCN:** NM\_000456

ORF Size: 1635 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC209066).

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 000456.2</u>, <u>NP 000447.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2564 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1638 bp

 Locus ID:
 6821

 UniProt ID:
 P51687

Cytogenetics: 12q13.2

**Domains:** oxidored\_molyb, heme\_1, Mo-co\_dimer

Protein Families: Druggable Genome
Protein Pathways: Sulfur metabolism





ORIGENE

**MW:** 60.3 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Sulfite oxidase is a homodimeric protein localized to the intermembrane space of

mitochondria. Each subunit contains a heme domain and a molybdopterin-binding domain. The enzyme catalyzes the oxidation of sulfite to sulfate, the final reaction in the oxidative degradation of the sulfur amino acids cysteine and methionine. Sulfite oxidase deficiency results in neurological abnormalities which are often fatal at an early age. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding identical proteins. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]