

## Product datasheet for RC208641L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## TNFRSF1B (NM\_001066) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TNFRSF1B (NM 001066) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TNFRSF1B

Synonyms: CD120b; p75; p75TNFR; TBPII; TNF-R-II; TNF-R75; TNFBR; TNFR1B; TNFR2; TNFR80

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM\_001066

ORF Size: 1383 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC208641).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 001066.2

 RefSeq Size:
 3682 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1386 bp

 Locus ID:
 7133

 UniProt ID:
 P20333

 Cytogenetics:
 1p36.22

Domains: TNFR

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane





## TNFRSF1B (NM\_001066) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC208641L1V

Protein Pathways: Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Cytokine-cytokine

receptor interaction

**MW:** 48.29 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This protein

and TNF-receptor 1 form a heterocomplex that mediates the recruitment of two anti-

apoptotic proteins, c-IAP1 and c-IAP2, which possess E3 ubiquitin ligase activity. The function of IAPs in TNF-receptor signalling is unknown, however, c-IAP1 is thought to potentiate TNF-induced apoptosis by the ubiquitination and degradation of TNF-receptor-associated factor 2, which mediates anti-apoptotic signals. Knockout studies in mice also suggest a role of this

protein in protecting neurons from apoptosis by stimulating antioxidative pathways.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]