

Product datasheet for RC208606L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ATP1A2 (NM 000702) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ATP1A2 (NM_000702) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

FHM2: MHP2 Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

ACCN:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK NM 000702

ORF Size: 3060 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC208606).

Sequence: OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 000702.2

RefSeq Size: 5496 bp RefSeq ORF: 3063 bp

Locus ID: 477

P50993 **UniProt ID:** Cytogenetics: 1q23.2

Domains: E1-E2_ATPase, Cation_ATPase_N, Hydrolase, Cation_ATPase_C

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Cardiac muscle contraction

MW: 112.3 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases,

and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-

coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical

excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na+/K+ - ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 2 subunit. Mutations in this gene result in familial basilar or hemiplegic migraines, and in a rare syndrome known as

alternating hemiplegia of childhood. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]