

Product datasheet for **RC208515L1V**

PILRB (NM_013440) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PILRB (NM_013440) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	PILRB
Synonyms:	FDFACT1; FDFACT2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_013440
ORF Size:	681 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC208515).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_013440.3 , NP_038468.3
RefSeq Size:	3632 bp
RefSeq ORF:	683 bp
Locus ID:	29990
Cytogenetics:	7q22.1
Domains:	IG
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
MW:	25.5 kDa


[View online »](#)

Gene Summary:

The paired immunoglobulin-like type 2 receptors consist of highly related activating and inhibitory receptors that are involved in the regulation of many aspects of the immune system. The paired immunoglobulin-like receptor genes are located in a tandem head-to-tail orientation on chromosome 7. This gene encodes the activating member of the receptor pair and contains a truncated cytoplasmic tail relative to its inhibitory counterpart (PILRA), that has a long cytoplasmic tail with immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory (ITIM) motifs. This gene is thought to have arisen from a duplication of the inhibitory PILRA gene and evolved to acquire its activating function. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2013]