

Product datasheet for RC208502L4

PKC gamma (PRKCG) (NM_002739) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	PKC gamma (PRKCG) (NM_002739) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone
Tag:	mGFP
Symbol:	PKC gamma
Synonyms:	PKC-gamma; PKCC; PKCG; PKCgamma; PKCI(3); SCA14
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
E. coli Selection:	Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC208502).
Restriction Sites:	SgfI-MluI
Cloning Scheme:	

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.

ACCN:	NM_002739
ORF Size:	2091 bp



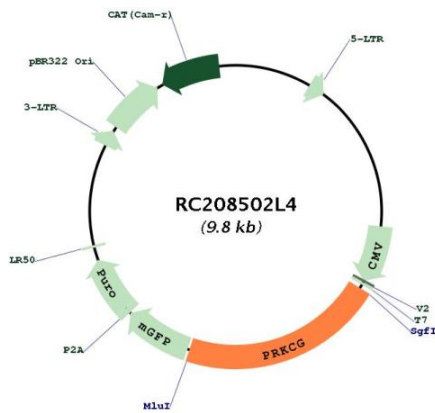
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OTI Disclaimer:	<p>Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at custsupport@origene.com or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.</p> <p>The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info</p>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min. 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA. 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature. 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom. 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_002739.3
RefSeq Size:	3143 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2094 bp
Locus ID:	5582
UniProt ID:	P05129
Cytogenetics:	19q13.42
Domains:	C2, pkinase, S_TK_X, TyrKc, DAG_PE-bind, S_TKc
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase
Protein Pathways:	Calcium signaling pathway, ErbB signaling pathway, Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, Leukocyte transendothelial migration, Long-term depression, Long-term potentiation, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanogenesis, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Non-small cell lung cancer, Pathways in cancer, Phosphatidylinositol signaling system, Tight junction, Vascular smooth muscle contraction, VEGF signaling pathway, Vibrio cholerae infection, Wnt signaling pathway
MW:	78.4 kDa

Gene Summary:

Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play distinct roles in cells. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. This protein kinase is expressed solely in the brain and spinal cord and its localization is restricted to neurons. It has been demonstrated that several neuronal functions, including long term potentiation (LTP) and long term depression (LTD), specifically require this kinase. Knockout studies in mice also suggest that this kinase may be involved in neuropathic pain development. Defects in this protein have been associated with neurodegenerative disorder spinocerebellar ataxia-14 (SCA14). Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]

Product images:



Circular map for RC208502L4