

Product datasheet for **RC208132L3V**

GPR37L1 (NM_004767) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	GPR37L1 (NM_004767) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	GPR37L1
Synonyms:	ET(B)R-LP-2; ETBR-LP-2; ETBRLP2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_004767
ORF Size:	1443 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC208132).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_004767.3
RefSeq Size:	2459 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1446 bp
Locus ID:	9283
UniProt ID:	O60883
Cytogenetics:	1q32.1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane
MW:	53.2 kDa



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Gene Summary:

G-protein coupled receptor (PubMed:27072655). Has been shown to bind the neuroprotective and glioprotective factor prosaposin (PSAP), leading to endocytosis followed by an ERK phosphorylation cascade (PubMed:23690594). However, other studies have shown that prosaposin does not increase activity (PubMed:27072655, PubMed:28688853). It has been suggested that GPR37L1 is a constitutively active receptor which signals through the guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(s) subunit alpha (PubMed:27072655). Participates in the regulation of postnatal cerebellar development by modulating the Shh pathway (By similarity). Regulates baseline blood pressure in females and protects against cardiovascular stress in males (By similarity). Mediates inhibition of astrocyte glutamate transporters and reduction in neuronal N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor activity (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]