

Product datasheet for RC207952L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PTPN12 (NM_002835) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PTPN12 (NM 002835) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PTPN12

Synonyms: PTP-PEST; PTPG1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

ACCN:

None

NM 002835

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ORF Size: 2340 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207952).

Sequence:

Cytogenetics:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 002835.2, NP 002826.2

 RefSeq Size:
 3240 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2343 bp

 Locus ID:
 5782

 UniProt ID:
 Q05209

Domains: Y_phosphatase, PTPc_motif

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Phosphatase

7q11.23





ORIGENE

MW: 88.1 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains a Cterminal PEST motif, which serves as a protein-protein interaction domain, and may regulate protein intracellular half-life. This PTP was found to bind and dephosphorylate the product of the oncogene c-ABL and thus may play a role in oncogenesis. This PTP was also shown to interact with, and dephosphorylate, various products related to cytoskeletal structure and cell adhesion, such as p130 (Cas), CAKbeta/PTK2B, PSTPIP1, and paxillin. This suggests it has a regulatory role in controlling cell shape and mobility. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]