

Product datasheet for **RC207808L3V**

SIGLECL1 (SIGLEC12) (NM_053003) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	SIGLECL1 (SIGLEC12) (NM_053003) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	SIGLECL1
Synonyms:	S2V; Siglec-XII; SIGLECL1; SLG
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_053003
ORF Size:	1785 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207808).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_053003.2
RefSeq Size:	2258 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1788 bp
Locus ID:	89858
UniProt ID:	Q96PQ1
Cytogenetics:	19q13.41
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transmembrane
MW:	65 kDa



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Gene Summary:

Sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectins (SIGLECs) are a family of cell surface proteins belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily. They mediate protein-carbohydrate interactions by selectively binding to different sialic acid moieties present on glycolipids and glycoproteins. This gene encodes a member of the SIGLEC3-like subfamily of SIGLECs. Members of this subfamily are characterized by an extracellular V-set immunoglobulin-like domain followed by two C2-set immunoglobulin-like domains, and the cytoplasmic tyrosine-based motifs ITIM and SLAM-like. The encoded protein, upon tyrosine phosphorylation, has been shown to recruit the Src homology 2 domain-containing protein-tyrosine phosphatases SHP1 and SHP2. It has been suggested that the protein is involved in the negative regulation of macrophage signaling by functioning as an inhibitory receptor. This gene is located in a cluster with other SIGLEC3-like genes on 19q13.4. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2013]