

## Product datasheet for RC207626L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## SERCA2 (ATP2A2) (NM 170665) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: SERCA2 (ATP2A2) (NM\_170665) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ATP2A2

**Synonyms:** ATP2B; DAR; DD; SERCA2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

ACCN:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

NM 170665

Tag: Myc-DDK

ORF Size: 3126 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207626).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 170665.2

RefSeq Size: 8329 bp
RefSeq ORF: 3129 bp
Locus ID: 488

 UniProt ID:
 P16615

 Cytogenetics:
 12q24.11

**Domains:** E1-E2\_ATPase, Cation\_ATPase\_N, Hydrolase, Cation\_ATPase\_C

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane





## SERCA2 (ATP2A2) (NM\_170665) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC207626L1V

**Protein Pathways:** Alzheimer's disease, Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), Calcium

signaling pathway, Cardiac muscle contraction, Dilated cardiomyopathy, Hypertrophic

cardiomyopathy (HCM)

MW: 114.8 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes one of the SERCA Ca(2+)-ATPases, which are intracellular pumps located in

the sarcoplasmic or endoplasmic reticula of the skeletal muscle. This enzyme catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the translocation of calcium from the cytosol into the sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen, and is involved in regulation of the contraction/relaxation cycle. Mutations in this gene cause Darier-White disease, also known as keratosis follicularis, an autosomal dominant skin disorder characterized by loss of adhesion between epidermal

cells and abnormal keratinization. Other types of mutations in this gene have been

associated with various forms of muscular dystrophies. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2019]