

## Product datasheet for RC207623L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## CHRFAM7A (NM\_148911) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** CHRFAM7A (NM\_148911) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CHRFAM7A

Synonyms: CHRNA7; CHRNA7-DR1; D-10; NACHRA7

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 148911

ORF Size: 963 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207623).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 148911.1, NP 683709.1

 RefSeq Size:
 2794 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 966 bp

 Locus ID:
 89832

 UniProt ID:
 P36544

 Cytogenetics:
 15q13.2

**Domains:** Neur\_chan\_memb

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Other, Transmembrane







**MW:** 35.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

The nicotinic acetylcholine receptors (nAChRs) are members of a superfamily of ligand-gated ion channels that mediate fast signal transmission at synapses. The family member CHRNA7, which is located on chromosome 15 in a region associated with several neuropsychiatric disorders, is partially duplicated and forms a hybrid with a novel gene from the family with sequence similarity 7 (FAM7A). Alternative splicing has been observed, and two variants exist, for this hybrid gene. The N-terminally truncated products predicted by the largest open reading frames for each variant would lack the majority of the neurotransmitter-gated ion-channel ligand binding domain but retain the transmembrane region that forms the ion channel. Although current evidence supports transcription of this hybrid gene, translation of the nicotinic acetylcholine receptor-like protein-encoding open reading frames has not been confirmed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]