

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Product datasheet for RC207619L3V

## GLRB (NM\_000824) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	GLRB (NM_000824) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	GLRB
Synonyms:	HKPX2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_000824
ORF Size:	1491 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207619).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 000824.2</u>
RefSeq Size:	3076 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1494 bp
Locus ID:	2743
UniProt ID:	<u>P48167</u>
Cytogenetics:	4q32.1
Domains:	Neur_chan_memb, Neur_chan_LBD
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Cys-loop Receptors, Transmembrane



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GLRB (NM_000824) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC207619L3V	
Protein Pathways	Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction
MW:	56.1 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes the beta subunit of the glycine receptor, which is a pentamer composed of alpha and beta subunits. The receptor functions as a neurotransmitter-gated ion channel, which produces hyperpolarization via increased chloride conductance due to the binding of glycine to the receptor. Mutations in this gene cause startle disease, also known as hereditary hyperekplexia or congenital stiff-person syndrome, a disease characterized by muscular rigidity. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]

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