

## Product datasheet for RC207589L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Somatostatin Receptor 1 (SSTR1) (NM\_001049) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Somatostatin Receptor 1 (SSTR1) (NM\_001049) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Somatostatin Receptor 1
Synonyms: SRIF-2; SS-1-R; SS1-R; SS1R

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM\_001049

 ORF Size:
 1173 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

1175 56

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207589).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 001049.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4343 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1176 bp

 Locus ID:
 6751

 UniProt ID:
 P30872

 Cytogenetics:
 14q21.1

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction





Somatostatin Receptor 1 (SSTR1) (NM\_001049) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC207589L3V

**MW:** 42.7 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

Somatostatins are peptide hormones that regulate diverse cellular functions such as neurotransmission, cell proliferation, and endocrine signaling as well as inhibiting the release of many hormones and other secretory proteins. Somatostatin has two active forms of 14 and 28 amino acids. The biological effects of somatostatins are mediated by a family of G-protein coupled somatostatin receptors that are expressed in a tissue-specific manner. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of somatostatin receptors having seven transmembrane segments. Somatostatin receptors form homodimers and heterodimers with other members of the superfamily as well as with other G-protein coupled receptors and receptor tyrosine kinases. This somatostatin receptor has greater affinity for somatostatin-14 than -28. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012]