

Product datasheet for **RC207511L1V**

MBD2 (NM_003927) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type: | Lentiviral Particles |
| Product Name: | MBD2 (NM_003927) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle |
| Symbol: | MBD2 |
| Synonyms: | DMTase; NY-CO-41 |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | None |
| Vector: | pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064) |
| Tag: | Myc-DDK |
| ACCN: | NM_003927 |
| ORF Size: | 1233 bp |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence: | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207511). |
| OTI Disclaimer: | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info |
| OTI Annotation: | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene. |
| RefSeq: | NM_003927.3 |
| RefSeq Size: | 2584 bp |
| RefSeq ORF: | 1236 bp |
| Locus ID: | 8932 |
| UniProt ID: | Q9UBB5 |
| Cytogenetics: | 18q21.2 |
| Domains: | MBD |
| Protein Families: | Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transcription Factors |



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MW: 43.1 kDa

Gene Summary: DNA methylation is the major modification of eukaryotic genomes and plays an essential role in mammalian development. Human proteins MECP2, MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 comprise a family of nuclear proteins related by the presence in each of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). Each of these proteins, with the exception of MBD3, is capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA. MECP2, MBD1 and MBD2 can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. The protein encoded by this gene may function as a mediator of the biological consequences of the methylation signal. It is also reported that the this protein functions as a demethylase to activate transcription, as DNA methylation causes gene silencing. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011]