

Product datasheet for **RC207208L2V**

GABA A Receptor alpha 4 (GABRA4) (NM_000809) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	GABA A Receptor alpha 4 (GABRA4) (NM_000809) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	GABA A Receptor alpha 4
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_000809
ORF Size:	1662 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207208).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_000809.3
RefSeq Size:	11987 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1665 bp
Locus ID:	2557
UniProt ID:	P48169
Cytogenetics:	4p12
Domains:	Neur_chan_memb, Neur_chan_LBD
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Cys-loop Receptors, Transmembrane



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Protein Pathways: Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction

MW: 61.6 kDa

Gene Summary: Gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) is the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the mammalian brain where it acts at GABA-A receptors, which are ligand-gated chloride channels. Chloride conductance of these channels can be modulated by agents such as benzodiazepines that bind to the GABA-A receptor. At least 16 distinct subunits of GABA-A receptors have been identified. This gene encodes subunit alpha-4, which is involved in the etiology of autism and eventually increases autism risk through interaction with another subunit, gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor beta-1 (GABRB1). Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found in this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011]