

Product datasheet for **RC207205L3V**

EAAT1 (SLC1A3) (NM_004172) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	EAAT1 (SLC1A3) (NM_004172) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	SLC1A3
Synonyms:	EA6; EAAT1; GLAST; GLAST1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_004172
ORF Size:	1626 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207205).
OTI Disclaimer:	<p>Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at custsupport@origene.com or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.</p> <p>The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info</p>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_004172.4
RefSeq Size:	4188 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1629 bp



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Locus ID:	6507
UniProt ID:	P43003
Cytogenetics:	5p13.2
Domains:	SDF
Protein Families:	Transmembrane
MW:	59.6 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a member of a member of a high affinity glutamate transporter family. This gene functions in the termination of excitatory neurotransmission in central nervous system. Mutations are associated with episodic ataxia, Type 6. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014]