

## Product datasheet for **RC207198L3V**

### YY1 (NM\_003403) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type:             | Lentiviral Particles   |
| Product Name:             | YY1 (NM_003403) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle   |
| Symbol:                   | YY1  |
| Synonyms:                 | DELTA; GADEVS; INO80S; NF-E1; UCRBP; YIN-YANG-1  |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Puromycin  |
| Vector:                   | pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)   |
| Tag:                      | Myc-DDK  |
| ACCN:                     | NM_003403  |
| ORF Size:                 | 1242 bp  |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence:  | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC207198).   |
| OTI Disclaimer:           | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a> |
| OTI Annotation:           | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.   |
| RefSeq:                   | <a href="#">NM_003403.3</a>  |
| RefSeq Size:              | 3159 bp  |
| RefSeq ORF:               | 1245 bp  |
| Locus ID:                 | 7528   |
| UniProt ID:               | <a href="#">P25490</a>   |
| Cytogenetics:             | 14q32.2  |
| Domains:                  | zf-C2H2  |
| Protein Families:         | Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors  |



[View online »](#)

**MW:** 44.7 kDa

**Gene Summary:** YY1 is a ubiquitously distributed transcription factor belonging to the GLI-Kruppel class of zinc finger proteins. The protein is involved in repressing and activating a diverse number of promoters. YY1 may direct histone deacetylases and histone acetyltransferases to a promoter in order to activate or repress the promoter, thus implicating histone modification in the function of YY1. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]