

Product datasheet for RC206995L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Siglec 7 (SIGLEC7) (NM 014385) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Siglec 7 (SIGLEC7) (NM_014385) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Siglec 7

Synonyms: AIRM-1; AIRM1; CD328; CDw328; D-siglec; p75; p75/AIRM1; QA79; SIGLEC-7; SIGLEC19P;

SIGLECP2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_014385 **ORF Size:** 1401 bp

ORF Nucleotide

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Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206995).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 014385.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1769 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1404 bp

 Locus ID:
 27036

 UniProt ID:
 Q9Y286

 Cytogenetics:
 19q13.41

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transmembrane





MW:

51.1 kDa

Gene Summary:

Putative adhesion molecule that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,3- and alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. Also binds disialogangliosides (disialogalactosyl globoside, disialyl lactotetraosylceramide and disialyl GalNAc lactotetraosylceramide). The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. In the immune response, may act as an inhibitory receptor upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatase(s) via their SH2 domain(s) that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Mediates inhibition of natural killer cells cytotoxicity. May play a role in hemopoiesis. Inhibits differentiation of CD34+ cell precursors towards myelomonocytic cell lineage and proliferation of leukemic myeloid cells (in vitro). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]