

Product datasheet for RC206847L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PAK4 (NM_001014831) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PAK4 (NM 001014831) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PAK4

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001014831

ORF Size: 1773 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206847).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001014831.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 3064 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1776 bp

 Locus ID:
 10298

 UniProt ID:
 096013

 Cytogenetics:
 19q13.2

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase

Protein Pathways: Axon guidance, ErbB signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton,

Renal cell carcinoma, T cell receptor signaling pathway







MW:

64.1 kDa

Gene Summary:

PAK proteins, a family of serine/threonine p21-activating kinases, include PAK1, PAK2, PAK3 and PAK4. PAK proteins are critical effectors that link Rho GTPases to cytoskeleton reorganization and nuclear signaling. They serve as targets for the small GTP binding proteins Cdc42 and Rac and have been implicated in a wide range of biological activities. PAK4 interacts specifically with the GTP-bound form of Cdc42Hs and weakly activates the JNK family of MAP kinases. PAK4 is a mediator of filopodia formation and may play a role in the reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]