

Product datasheet for **RC206765L2V**

DUSP6 (NM_001946) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	DUSP6 (NM_001946) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	DUSP6
Synonyms:	HH19; MKP3; PYST1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001946
ORF Size:	1143 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206765).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001946.2
RefSeq Size:	3395 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1146 bp
Locus ID:	1848
UniProt ID:	Q16828
Cytogenetics:	12q21.33
Domains:	DSPc, RHOD
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Phosphatase



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Protein Pathways: MAPK signaling pathway

MW: 42.3 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the dual specificity protein phosphatase subfamily. These phosphatases inactivate their target kinases by dephosphorylating both the phosphoserine/threonine and phosphotyrosine residues. They negatively regulate members of the mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase superfamily (MAPK/ERK, SAPK/JNK, p38), which are associated with cellular proliferation and differentiation. Different members of the family of dual specificity phosphatases show distinct substrate specificities for various MAP kinases, different tissue distribution and subcellular localization, and different modes of inducibility of their expression by extracellular stimuli. This gene product inactivates ERK2, is expressed in a variety of tissues with the highest levels in heart and pancreas, and unlike most other members of this family, is localized in the cytoplasm. Mutations in this gene have been associated with congenital hypogonadotropic hypogonadism. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]