

## Product datasheet for RC206715L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## DHH (NM\_021044) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** DHH (NM\_021044) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: DHH

**Synonyms:** GDMN; GDXYM; HHG-3; SRXY7

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_021044 **ORF Size:** 1188 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

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Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206715).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 021044.2

 RefSeq Size:
 1971 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1191 bp

 Locus ID:
 50846

 UniProt ID:
 043323

 Cytogenetics:
 12q13.12

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protease

**Protein Pathways:** Hedgehog signaling pathway



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**MW:** 43.6 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

This gene encodes a member of the hedgehog family. The hedgehog gene family encodes signaling molecules that play an important role in regulating morphogenesis. This protein is predicted to be made as a precursor that is autocatalytically cleaved; the N-terminal portion is soluble and contains the signalling activity while the C-terminal portion is involved in precursor processing. More importantly, the C-terminal product covalently attaches a cholesterol moiety to the N-terminal product, restricting the N-terminal product to the cell surface and preventing it from freely diffusing throughout the organism. Defects in this protein have been associated with partial gonadal dysgenesis (PGD) accompanied by minifascicular polyneuropathy. This protein may be involved in both male gonadal differentiation and perineurial development. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010]