

## Product datasheet for **RC206715L1V**

### **DHH (NM\_021044) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	DHH (NM_021044) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	DHH
Synonyms:	GDMN; GDXYM; HHG-3; SRXY7
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_021044
ORF Size:	1188 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206715).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_021044.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	1971 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1191 bp
Locus ID:	50846
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">O43323</a>
Cytogenetics:	12q13.12
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protease
Protein Pathways:	Hedgehog signaling pathway



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**MW:** 43.6 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the hedgehog family. The hedgehog gene family encodes signaling molecules that play an important role in regulating morphogenesis. This protein is predicted to be made as a precursor that is autocatalytically cleaved; the N-terminal portion is soluble and contains the signalling activity while the C-terminal portion is involved in precursor processing. More importantly, the C-terminal product covalently attaches a cholesterol moiety to the N-terminal product, restricting the N-terminal product to the cell surface and preventing it from freely diffusing throughout the organism. Defects in this protein have been associated with partial gonadal dysgenesis (PGD) accompanied by minifascicular polyneuropathy. This protein may be involved in both male gonadal differentiation and perineurial development. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010]