

Product datasheet for RC206597L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CD42a (GP9) (NM_000174) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CD42a (GP9) (NM_000174) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CD42a

Synonyms: CD42a; GPIX

Mammalian Cell Po

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_000174

ORF Size: 531 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206597).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 000174.2

 RefSeq Size:
 911 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 534 bp

 Locus ID:
 2815

 UniProt ID:
 P14770

 Cytogenetics:
 3q21.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: ECM-receptor interaction, Hematopoietic cell lineage





ORIGENE

MW: 19.1 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a small membrane glycoprotein found on the surface of human platelets. It forms a 1-to-1 noncovalent complex with glycoprotein lb, a platelet surface membrane glycoprotein complex that functions as a receptor for von Willebrand factor. The complete receptor complex includes noncovalent association of the alpha and beta subunits with the protein encoded by this gene and platelet glycoprotein V. Defects in this gene are a cause of Bernard-Soulier syndrome, also known as giant platelet disease. These patients have unusually large platelets and have a clinical bleeding tendency. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]