

Product datasheet for RC206592L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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IDO1 (NM_002164) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: IDO1 (NM_002164) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: IDO

Synonyms: IDO; IDO-1; INDO

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_002164 **ORF Size:** 1209 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206592).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 002164.3

 RefSeq Size:
 1944 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1212 bp

 Locus ID:
 3620

 UniProt ID:
 P14902

 Cytogenetics:
 8p11.21

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, Tryptophan metabolism



ORIGENE

MW: 45.3 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase (IDO) - a heme enzyme that catalyzes the first and rate-limiting step in tryptophan catabolism to N-formyl-kynurenine. This enzyme acts on multiple tryptophan substrates including D-tryptophan, L-tryptophan, 5-hydroxy-tryptophan, tryptamine, and serotonin. This enzyme is thought to play a role in a variety of pathophysiological processes such as antimicrobial and antitumor defense, neuropathology, immunoregulation, and antioxidant activity. Through its expression in dendritic cells, monocytes, and macrophages this enzyme modulates T-cell behavior by its peri-cellular catabolization of the essential amino acid tryptophan.[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011]