

## Product datasheet for RC206534L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Fibromodulin (FMOD) (NM 002023) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Fibromodulin (FMOD) (NM\_002023) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Fibromodulin
Synonyms: FM; SLRR2E

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_002023 **ORF Size:** 1128 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206534).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 002023.3

 RefSeq Size:
 3271 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1131 bp

 Locus ID:
 2331

 UniProt ID:
 Q06828

 Cytogenetics:
 1q32.1

Domains: LRRNT, LRR, LRR\_TYP, LRR\_BAC, LRR\_PS

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein





MW:

43.2 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

Fibromodulin belongs to the family of small interstitial proteoglycans. The encoded protein possesses a central region containing leucine-rich repeats with 4 keratan sulfate chains, flanked by terminal domains containing disulphide bonds. Owing to the interaction with type I and type II collagen fibrils and in vitro inhibition of fibrillogenesis, the encoded protein may play a role in the assembly of extracellular matrix. It may also regulate TGF-beta activities by sequestering TGF-beta into the extracellular matrix. Sequence variations in this gene may be associated with the pathogenesis of high myopia. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2013]