

## Product datasheet for RC206495L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Granzyme B (GZMB) (NM 004131) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Granzyme B (GZMB) (NM 004131) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Granzyme B

Synonyms: C11; CCPI; CGL-1; CGL1; CSP-B; CSPB; CTLA1; CTSGL1; HLP; SECT

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_004131

ORF Size: 741 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC206495).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 004131.3

 RefSeq Size:
 941 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 744 bp

 Locus ID:
 3002

 UniProt ID:
 P10144

 Cytogenetics:
 14q12

 Domains:
 Tryp\_SPc

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Protease





## Granzyme B (GZMB) (NM\_004131) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC206495L2V

**Protein Pathways:** Allograft rejection, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Graft-versus-host disease, Natural killer cell

mediated cytotoxicity, Type I diabetes mellitus

**MW:** 27.7 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the granzyme subfamily of proteins, part of the peptidase S1

family of serine proteases. The encoded preproprotein is secreted by natural killer (NK) cells and cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs) and proteolytically processed to generate the active protease, which induces target cell apoptosis. This protein also processes cytokines and

degrades extracellular matrix proteins, and these roles are implicated in chronic

inflammation and wound healing. Expression of this gene may be elevated in human patients

with cardiac fibrosis. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2016]